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AN ACTIVE INTRODUCTION TO NEWSPAPER SWAHILI. FOREIGN SERVICE INST., WASHINGTON, D.C.

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EACH OF THE 25 SHORT LESSONS IN THIS BOOKLET IS BUILT AROUND A STORY FROM AN EAST AFRICAN NEWSPAPER. THE STUDENT IS EXPECTED TO LISTEN TO AND REPEAT BASIC SENTENCES, LISTEN TO AND READ THE TEXT, AND COMPLETE THE ACCOMPANYING EXERCISES. THUS, HE NOT ONLY LEARNS TO READ NEWSPAPER ARTICLES BUT ALSO ACTIVELY DEMONSTRATES HOW MUCH HE HAS COMPREHENDED AND CAN USE. THE EXERCISES INCLUDE PRACTICING GRAMMATICAL POINTS, ANSWERING QUESTIONS ABOUT THE TEXT IN SWAHILI, AND GENERATING SHORT SENTENCES USING NEW VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR. THIS TEXT IS CLOSELY COORDINATED WITH "A LEARNER'S SYNOPSIS OF SWAHILI STRUCTURE" (AL DOD 465) AND ASSUMES SOME PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE OF SWAHILI STRUCTURE. (JD)



#### INTRODUCTION

This booklet assumes that the student is already familiar with the rudiments of Swahili structure. It is calle an 'introduction' because it assumes near-zero vocabulary, and it is contact active' because the user must do a great many things besides read.

Each lesson is built around a story from an East African newspaper. The first 25 have to do with announcements about meetings. The stories themselves use approximately 160 different words and the average word occurs in two different stories. Each word is also used a number of times in the supporting pedagogical apparatus.

The principles we have followed in preparing these lessons are three:

- (1) Each lesson should be short. The average length is two pages.
- (2) Subject matter should be authentic. Each text is taken from an East African newspaper.
- (3) Students should treat each text from a number of different points of view. Instructions appear at appropriate points throughout the lessons.

It should be pointed out that 'authentic' does not necessarily mean 'standard'. The newspapers of East Africa differ in the degree to which their Swahili shows the influence of English and other languages, and in general literary quality, and the same sorts of difference may be found between stories that appear side-by-side in a single newspaper. The stories used in this book have been selected and arranged in sequence solely from the point of view of their vocabulary, so as to make the introduction of new words as gradual as possible.

The Foreign Service Institute is grateful for the comments that were made by readers of the first printing of this unpublished experimental edition, and will welcome further suggestions and criticisms.

December, 1966

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS COTTON MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED

TO ERIC AND ORGANIZATIONS OPERATING UNDER AGREEMENTS WITH THE U.S. OFFICE OF EDUCATION. FURTHER REPRODUCTION OUTSIDE THE ERIC SYSTEM REQUIRES PERMISSION OF THE TOTAL TOWNER."

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Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Ushirika utakuwa na mkutano wake.

The cooperative will have its meetings.

Mkutano utafanywa tarehe 21 Novemba.

The meeting will be held [on] (date) November 21.

Mkutano utaanza saa tatu asubuhi.

The meeting will begin at 9 a.m.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Ushirika wa Mugomo-ini Co-operative Society utakuwa na mkutano wake katika Timboroa, tarehe 21 Novemba kuanzia saa tatu asubuhi.

Baraza, 21 October 1965

The cooperative (of) Mugomo-ini Cooperative Society will have its meetings in Timboroa, (on) [the date] November 21, beginning at 9 a.m.

NOTE: Some speakers would prefer to omit /katika/ in this text, and in similar uses in other texts.

Supply concords All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Ushirika \_a Mugomo-ini Cooperative Society \_takuwa na mkutano \_ake katika Timboroa.

#### Supply verb prefixes

Ushirika wa Mugomo-ini Cooperative Society u\_\_\_wa na mkutano wake tarehe 21 Novemba \_\_anz\_a saa tatu asubuhi.

### Questions

- 1. Je, ushirika huo utakuwa na mkutano?
- 2. Mkutano huo utaanza saa mbili?
- 3. Ushirika utakuwa na nini?
- 4. Mkutano utafanywa lini?
- 5. Mkutano utafanywa wapi?

# Glossary

ushirika (14)	a cooperative
mkutano (3,4)	meeting
tarehe (9)	date
-anzia	to begin at
saa (9,10)	hour, clock
-tatu	three
asubuhi (9)	morning
-fanya	to do, make
-fanywa	to be done, made

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Yeye ni mwanachama wa ushirika huo.

He's a member of that cooperative.

Wanachama wote watakuwa na mkutano wao.

All the members will have (their) meeting.

Kijiji kiko wapi?

Where is the village?

Riruta ni kijiji cha Kawangware.

Riruta is a village in ('of')
Kawangware.

Kawangware ina vijiji vingi.

Kawangware has many villages.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Wanachama wote wa Ndege na Ndereche Central Region Welfare Association watakuwa na mkutano wao (katika) Riruta, kijiji cha Kawangware, Jumapili, Oktoba 3 kuanzia saa tatu unusu asubuhi.

Baraza, 30 Septemba 1965

All the members of the Ndege na Ndereche Central Region Welfare Association will have their meeting in Riruta, a village of Kawangware, Sunday, October 3, beginning from 9:30 in the morning.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

\_anachama \_ote \_a Ndege na Ndereche Central Region Welfare Association \_takuwa na \_kutano \_ao katika Riruta, \_\_jiji \_\_a Kawangware, Jumapili, Oktoba 3.

### Supply verb prefixes.

Wanachama wa Ndege na Ndereche Central Region Welfare Association wana mkutano wao \_\_anz\_a saa tatu unusu.

# Questions

- 1. Mkutano huu utafanywa siku ya Jumapili?
- 2. Mkutano huu utafanywa Nairobi?
- 3. Mkutano huu utaanza saa tatu?
- 4. Wanachama watakuwa na nini?
- 5. Mkutano utafanywa tarehe ngapi?
- 6. Utafanywa wapi?

### **Glossary**

mwanachama (1)	member
wanachama (2)	
kijiji (7,8)	village
-ote	all
nusu (9)	half
Jumapili	Sunday

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mkutano ulihutubiwa na Chief Opondo.

Wanachama watakuwa na mkutano kesho.

Mkutano utaanza saa nane.

Wanachama watakwenda nyumbani thenashara.

Mkutano utakuwa mkubwa.

The meeting was addressed by Chief Opondo.

The members will have a meeting tomorrow.

The meeting will begin at 2:00.

The members will go home at 6:00 p.m.

The meeting will be big.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Uholo Welfare Society itakuwa na mkutano mkubwa kesho, Jumapili, katika Jericho Hall, kuanzia saa nane mpaka thenashara. Mkutano huo utahutubiwa na Chief Paul Opondo wa Uholo.

Taifa, 3 Septemba 1966

The Uholo Welfare Society will have a big meeting tomorrow, Sunday, in Jericho Hall, beginning at 2:00 p.m. until 6 o'clock. The (aforementioned) meeting will be addressed by Chief Paul Opondo of Uholo.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Uholo Welfare Society \_takuwa na mkutano.

Ushirika \_takuwa na mkutano.

Wanachama \_ote \_\_takuwa na mkutano.

Society h\_\_ ni \_kubwa.

Mkutano h\_\_ ni \_kubwa.

Ushirika h\_\_ ni \_kubwa.

Uholo Welfare Society itakuwa na mkutano.

Ushirika utakuwa na mkutano.

Wanachama wote watakuwa na mkutano.

Society hii ni kubwa.

Mkutano huu ni mkubwa.

Ushirika huu ni mkubwa.

#### SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

Society \_tahutubiwa na Chief Opondo.

Society itahutubiwa na Chief Opondo.

Wanachama \_\_tahutubiwa na Chief \_a Uholo.

Wanachama watahutubiwa na Chief wa Uholo.

Mkutano \_tahutubiwa na Chief \_a Uholo.

Mkutano utahutubiwa na Chief wa Uholo.

Ushirika \_tahutubiwa na Chief \_a Uholo.

Ushirika utahutubiwa na Chief wa Uholo.

Uholo Welfare Society \_takuwa na \_kutano \_kubwa kuanzia saa nane. \_\_kutano h\_o \_tahutubiwa na Chifu \_a Uholo.

### Supply verb affixes.

Uholo Welfare Society i\_\_\_wa na mkut\_o mkubwa \_\_anz\_a saa nane. Mkutano u\_hutub\_a na Chifu wa Uholo.

### Questions

- 1. Mkutano huu utaanza thenashara?
- 2. Mkutano utakuwa mkubwa, au mdogo?
- 3. Mkutano huu utahutubiwa na Rais Kenyatta?
- 4. Mkutano huu utahutubiwa na nani?
- 5. Wanachama wa Uholo Welfare Society watakuwa na mkutano wao wapi?
- 6. Watakuwa na mkutano gani?

### Glossary

-kubwa big, large
kesho (9) tomorrow
Jumapili Sunday
-nane eight
mpaka until
thenashara 6 o'clock

-hutubia to address, make a speech to

-hutubiwa to be addressed

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Kutakuwa na mkutano.

Wanachama watakuwa na mkutano.

Ushirika utakuwa na mkutano.

Kutakuwa na mkutano siku ya Jumapili.

Mkutano utaanza kabla ya saa tatu.

Wanachama watajulishwa kuwa kutakuwa na mkutano.

There will be a meeting.

The members will have a meeting.

The cooperative will have a meeting.

There will be a meeting [on] (the day of) Sunday.

The meeting will begin before 9:00.

The members will be notified that there will be a meeting.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Wanachama wote wa Mugomo-ini Co-operative Society wanajulishwa kuwa kutakuwako na mkutano wao katika Timboroa, tarehe 16/10/65, kuanzia saa tatu za asubuhi. Kabla ya siku hiyo wanakomiti watakuwa na mkutano tarehe 15/10/65.

Baraza, 7 October 1965

All the members of the Mugomo-ini Cooperative Society are notified that there will be (their) meeting in Timboroa, October 16, 1965, beginning at 9:00 a.m. Before that day the committee members will have a meeting on the 15th.

NOTE: Some speakers would prefer either /kutakuwa na mkutano/ or /kutakuwako mkutano/, but not /kutakuwako na mkutano/. This last construction does however, appear fairly frequently in some newspapers.

### Supply concords

\_anachama \_oto \_\_takuwa na mkutano.

\_anakomiti \_ote \_\_takuwa na \_mkutano \_ao.

Wanachama wote watakuwa na mkutano.

Wanakomiti wote watakuwa na mkutano wao.

# SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

\_\_kutano \_taanza saa tatu \_a asubuhi.

Mkutano utaanza saa tatu za asubuhi.

\_anakomiti \_\_takuwa na \_kutano \_kabla \_a siku h\_\_o. Wanakomiti watakuwa na mkutano kabla ya siku hiyo.

\_nachama \_ote \_a Mugomo-ini Co-operative Society \_najulishwa kuwa \_takuwa(-o) na \_kutano \_ac katika Timboroa, tarehe 16/10/65, kuanzia saa tatu \_a asubuhi. Kabla \_a siku h\_o \_anakomiti \_takuwa na \_kutano tarehe 15/10/65.

# Supply verb affixes

Wanachama wote wa\_jul\_a kuwa ku\_\_wa(\_) na mkut\_o wao, \_\_anz\_a saa tatu za asubuhi.

### Questions

- 1. Wanachama watakuwa na mkutano wao tarehe 15?
- 2. Kutakuwa na mikutano miwili?
- 3. Mkutano wa wanakomiti utafanywa kabla ya mkutano wa wanachama wote?
- 4. Wanakomiti watakuwa na mkutano wao tarehe ngapi?
- 5. Wanachama wanajulishwa nini?
- 6. Kutakuwa na mikutano mingapi?

# Glossary

-iua to know

-julisha to cause to know, to inform

-julishwa to be informed

kabla (9) before siku (9,10) day kuwa that

### Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Kenya na Tanzania ni nchi za Afrika.

Uganda pia ni nchi ya Afrika.

Bw. Kennedy alikuwa Rais wa Amerika.

Rais wa Kenya anatazamiwa kuhutubia mkutano.

Wilaya zote za Kenya zina serikali zao.

Bw. Sagini ni Waziri wa Serikali za wilaya.

Mawaziri wote watahudhuria mkutano huo.

Mkutano utafanywa siku ya Ijumaa.

Kenya and Tanzania are countries of Africa.

Uganda also is an African country.

Mr. Kennedy was President of America.

The President of Kenya is expected to address the meeting.

All districts of Kenya have their [own] governments.

Mr. Sagini is Minister of Local Government.

All the ministers will attend that meeting.

The meeting will be held [on] (day of) Friday.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Waziri wa Serikali za Wilaya, Bw. L. Sagini anatazamiwa kuhutubia mkutano wa Gusii County Council kesho Ijumaa. Waziri wa Nchi katika Afisi ya Rais, Bw. J. Nyamweya pia atazamiwa kuhudhuria mkutano huo.

Baraza, 20 Januari 1966

The Minister of Local Government, Mr. L. Sagini, is expected to address a meeting of the Gusii County Council tomorrow, Friday. The Minister of State in the Office of the President, Mr. J. Nyamweya, is also expected to attend the (aforementioned) meeting.

NOTE: The word /afisi/ 'office' is also sometimes pronounced and spelled /ofisi/.

The word /atazamiwa/ is in the /a/ tense (LS par.). The alternative form in the /na/ tense is /anatazamiwa/.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

waziri \_a serikali \_a wilaya \_kutano \_a Gusii County Council afisi \_a Rais

waziri wa Serikali za wilaya Mkutano wa Gusii County Council. Afisi ya Rais

siku h\_\_o
mkutano h\_o
waziri h\_o
mawaziri h\_o
nchi h\_o (sg.)

nchi h\_o (pl.)

afisi h\_\_o (sg.)

siku hiyo
mkutano huo
waziri huyo
mawaziri hao
nchi hiyo
nchi hizo

afisi hiyo

Waziri \_a Serikali \_a Wilaya, Bw. L. Sagini \_natazamiwa kuhutubia \_kutano \_a Gusii County Council kesho Ijumaa. Waziri \_a Nchi katika ofisi \_a Rais, Bw. J. Nyamweya pia \_natazamiwa kuhudhuria \_kutano h\_o.

# Supply affixes

Bw. Sagini a\_tazam\_a \_hutub\_a mkut\_\_o kesho. Bw. Nyamweya pia a\_\_tazam\_a \_hudhur\_a mkutano huo.

### Questions

- 1. Bw. Sagini atahutubia Gusii County Council?
- 2. Bw. Nyamweya atahutubia mkutano huo?
- 3. Bw. Nyamweya ni Waziri wa Serikali za Wilaya?
- 4. Nani atazamiwa kuhutubia mkutano wa Gusii County Council?
- 5. Waziri wa Nchi ni nani?
- 6. Gusii County Council itakuwa na mkutano siku gani?

# Glossary

waziri (1) minister

mawaziri (2)

serikali (9,10) government

-tazama to look at, expect

-tazamiwa to be expected

nchi (9,10) country
rais (1) president
marais (2)
pia also
-hudhuria to attend

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Viongozi wote walihudhuria mkutano.

Ibadan iko Jimbo la Magharibi la Nigeria.

Voi iko kati ya Mombasa na Nairobi.

Mkutano ulikuwa wa siri.

Kulikuwa na mikutano miwili jana.

Mkutano ulikuwa wa siku moja.

All the leaders attended the meeting.

Ibadan is (in) the Western Region of Nigeria.

Voi is between Mombasa and Nairobi.

The meeting was secret ('of secrecy').

There were two meetings yesterday.

The meeting was for one day.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Viongozi wa Jimbo la Magharibi ya Kati la Nigeria walikuwa na mkutano wa siri jana ambao ulikuwa wa siku moja. Viongozi ambao walihudhuria mkutano huo ni....

Taifa, 10 Septemba 1966

Leaders of the Midwestern Region of Nigeria had a secret meeting yesterday, which lasted ('was of') one day. The leaders who attended the (aforementioned) meeting are....

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

mkutano \_a siri
mikutano \_a siri
mkutano \_a siku \_moja
mikutano \_a siku \_moja

Mkutano \_likuwa \_a siku moja.

Mikutano \_likuwa \_a siri.

mkutano wa siri
mikutano ya siri
mkutano wa siku moja
mikutano ya siku moja.

Mkutano ulikuwa wa siku moja. Mikutano ilikuwa ya siri.

### SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

Mkutano amba\_o \_lihudhuriwa na mawaziri \_likuwa \_a siri.

Mikutano amba\_o \_lihutubiwa na Rais \_lihudhuriwa na mawaziri ote.

Mawaziri ni viongozi \_a serikali.

Mkutano ambao ulihudhuriwa na mawaziri ulikuwa wa siri.

Mikutano ambayo ilihutubiwa na Rais ilihudhuriwa na mawaziri wote.

Mawaziri ni viongozi wa serikali.

Viongozi \_a Jimbo \_a Magharibi \_a Kati la Nigeria \_likuwa na \_kutano \_a siri jana amba\_o \_likuwa \_a siku \_moja. Viongozi amba\_o \_lihudhuria \_kutano h o....

### Questions

- 1. Mkutano ulikuwa wa siku moja?
- 2. Viongozi wa Jimbo la Kaskazini Nigeria walikuwa na mkutano gani jana?
- 3. Mkutano ulihudhuriwa na viongozi wa jimbo gani?
- 4. Viongozi wa jimbo gani walikuwa na mkutano wa siri?
- 5. Mkutano ulikuwa wa siku ngapi?
- 6. Mkutano huo ulihudhuriwa na viongozi wa Serikali ya Nigeria?

### Glossary

kiongozi (1)	leader
viongozi (2)	
jimbo (5,6)	state, region, province
magharibi (9)	west
<b>kati</b> (9)	between
siri (9)	secret
jana (9)	yesterday

<u>Vocabulary</u>
Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Nchi ya Nigeria ina katiba.

Viongozi wa serikali wana tayarisha katiba.

Mkutano ulifanyika Lagos.

Mkutano utaahirishwa.

Viongozi waliahirisha mkutano.

Viongozi walitangaza kuwa kutakuwa na mkutano.

Tarehe ya mkutano itatangazwa baadaye.

The country of Nigeria has a constitution.

The leaders of the government are preparing a constitution.

The meeting was held in Lagos.

The meeting will be postponed.

The leaders postponed the meeting.

The leaders announced that there would ('will') be a meeting.

The date of the meeting will be announced later.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation

Mkutano wa kutayarisha katiba ya Nigeria uliotazamiwa kukutanika Jumatano, Septemba 7 umeahirishwa mpaka tarehe itakayotangazwa baadaye.

Taifaleo, 5 Septemba 1966

A meeting for preparing the constitution of Nigeria, which was expected to meet on Wednesday, September 7, has been postponed until a date which will be announced later.

NOTE: Some speakers prefer either /-fanyika/ 'to get done' or /-kutana/ 'to meet (one another)' in place of /-kutanika/ in this story, and /itakayotangazwa/ in place of /itakapotangazwa/.

<u>Supply concords</u>
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

katiba \_a Nigeria

katiba h\_\_o

katiba \_le

katiba ya Nigeria

katiba hii

katiba hiyo

katiba ile

#### SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER RLADINGS

Tarehe \_tatangazwa. Katiba \_natayarishwa. Mkutano \_lihutubiwa.

Viongozi <u>natazamiwa</u> kuhudhuria.

Ushirika \_liahirisha mkutano. Wanachama \_\_liahirisha mkutano. Society \_liahirisha mkutano. Chama \_\_liahirisha mkutano. Waziri \_liahirisha mkutano. Mawaziri \_\_liahirisha mkutano.

Tarehe itatangazwa. Katiba inatayarishwa. Mkutano ulihutubiwa. Viongozi wanatazamiwa kuhudhuria.

Ushirika uliahirisha mkutano. Wanachama waliahirisha mkutano. Society iliahirisha mkutano. Chama kiliahirisha mkutano. Waziri aliahirisha mkutano. Mawaziri waliahirisha mkutano.

\_kutano \_a kutayarisha katiba \_a Nigeria \_li\_otazamiwa kufanyika Jumatano, Septemba 7 meahirishwa mpaka tarehe taka otangazwa baadaye.

# Supply affixes and function words

Mkut\_o wa \_tayar\_\_a katiba ya Nigeria u\_\_tazam\_a \_fany\_a Jumatano, Septemba 7 u\_\_ahir\_a \_\_\_tarehe i\_\_tangaz\_a \_\_\_\_.

### Questions

- 1. Mkutano wa kutayarisha katiba ya Nigeria umeahirishwa?
- Mkutano ulitazamiwa kufanyika Jumatano, Septemba 8?
- 3. Mkutano umeahirishwa mpaka tarehe gani?
- 4. Huo ulikuwa mkutano wa kutayarisha katiba ya nchi gani?
- 5. Mkutano huo ulitazamiwa kufanyika siku gani?

#### Glossary

tayari ready

-tayarisha to cause to be ready, prepare

-tayarishwa to be prepared katiba (9,10) constitution

-kutanika to meet, be assembled

-fanyika to get done Jumatano Wednesday -ahirisha to postpone -ahirishwa to be postponed -tangaza to announce

-tangazwa to be announced

baadaye afterward

#### Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mkutano ulifanywa jana.

Bw. Nyerere alikuwa mwalimu.

Pia alikuwa Waziri Mkuu wa Tanganyika.

Kiongozi alisema kuwa mkutano umeahirishwa.

The meeting was held yesterday.

Mr. Nyerere was a teacher.

He was also Prime Minister of Tanganyika.

The leader said that the meeting had been postponed.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Mkutano mkubwa uliotazamiwa kufanywa mnamo Septemba 12 katika Salvation Army Hall, Kakamega kati ya walimu wakuu wa Harambee Secondary Schools umeahirishwa, sasa utafanywa Septemba 17, alisema Bw. Brown Tsuma, aliyeujulisha mkutano huo.

Taifa, 3 Septemba 1966

The big meeting that was expected to be held ('made') on September 12 in Salvation Army Hall, Kakamega, between the head teachers of the Harambee Secondary Schools has been postponed, now will be held on September 17, said Mr. Brown Tsuma, who informed of the (aforementioned) meeting.

Supply concerds All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

mwalimu \_kuu mwalimu mkuu walimu \_\_kuu walimu wakuu ushirika \_kuu ushirika mkuu kiongozi \_kuu kiongozi mkuu siku kuu siku kuu serikali \_kuu serikali kuu waziri mkuu waziri \_kuu mawaziri <u>kuu</u> mawaziri wakuu Walimu \_\_natazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Ushirika \_natazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Serikali \_natazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Mawaziri \_\_natazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Wanachama \_\_natazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Walimu wanatazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Ushirika unatazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Serikali inatazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Mawaziri wanatazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

Wanachama wanatazamiwa kufanya mkutano.

(Read the short sentences aloud, and try to give the long sentence before looking at it.)

Mkutano ulitazamiwa kufanywa. Mkutano umeahirishwa.

Mkutano uliotazamiwa kufanywa umeahirishwa.

Mikutano itafanywa kesho. Mikutano itahutubiwa na Rais.

Mikutano itakayofanywa kesho itahutubiwa na Rais.

Viongozi walitayarisha katiba. Viongozi walihutubia mkutano.

Viongozi waliotayarisha katiba walihutubia mkutano.

Mkutano umeahirishwa mpaka tarehe ngapi?

Tarehe itatangazwa baadaye.

Mkutano umeahirishwa mpaka tarehe itakayotangazwa baadaye.

A meeting was expected to be held. The meeting has been postponed.

The meeting that was expected to be held has been postponed.

Meetings will be held tomorrow.

The meetings will be addressed by the President.

The meetings that will be held tomorrow will be addressed by the President.

The leaders prepared a constitution.
The leaders addressed the meeting.

The leaders who prepared the constitution addressed the meeting.

Until what date has the meeting been postponed?

The date will be announced later.

The meeting has been postponed until a date which will be announced later.

# Supply affixes and function words

### Questions

- 1. Mkutano umeahirishwa?
- 2. Sasa mkutano huo utafanywa Septemba 20?
- Mkutano huo utafanyika tarehe ngapi?
- 4. Huo ni mkutano wa waalimu gani?
- 5. Bwana Brown Tsuma alisema nini?

### Glossary

```
-fanya to do, make
-fanywa to be
mnamo on (a date)
mwalimu (1)
  walimu (2)
  [pronounced /waalimu/
    by some people]
-kuu principal, main
-sema to say
```

<u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Msemaji wa serikali alisema nini?

Alisema kwamba mkutano utafanywa.

Madiwani wote watahudhuria mkutano.

Mkutano uliahirishwa mpaka leo.

Wanachama wote watawachagua viongozi wao.

Ushirika una komiti mbali mbali.

Wajumbe walitayarisha katiba.

What did the spokesman for the government say?

He said that a meeting would be held.

All the councillors will attend the meeting.

The meeting was postponed until today.

All the members will choose their leaders.

The cooperative has various different committees.

The representatives prepared a constitution.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Kakamega: Msemaji wa Kakamega County Council ametangaza kwamba kutakuwako na mkutano wa madiwani wa konseli hiyo hivi leo leo Ijumaa, Septemba 9 kuanzia saa tatu unusu asubuhi. Mkutano huo utakuwa wa kuwachagua wajumbe wa komiti mbali mbali za konseli hiyo.

Taifaleo, 9 Septemba 1966

Kakamega. A spokesman for the Kakamega County Council has announced that there will be a meeting of the councillors of that council today, Friday, September 9, beginning at 9:30 a.m. The (aforesaid) meeting will be for electing members of various committees of the (aforementioned) council.

Supply concords All blanks are to be filled orday. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

\_semaji \_a Kakamega County Council \_metangaza kwamba \_takuwa(-o)
na \_kutano \_a \_diwani \_a konseli h\_o hivi leo Ijumaa. \_kutano h\_o
\_takuwa \_a ku\_chagua \_jumbe \_a komiti mbali mbali \_a konseli h\_o.

# Supply affixes

Msem\_ wa Kakamega County Council a\_tangaza \_amba ku\_ wa(-)
na mkut o wa konseli Ijumaa \_anz\_ saa tatu asubuhi. Mkutano
\_\_\_\_ u\_wa wa \_\_\_chagua wajumbe \_\_\_\_ komiti \_\_\_\_ za konseli \_\_\_\_

#### Questions

- 1. Mkutano utaanza saa tatu unusu usiku?
- 2. Mkutano huo utakuwa wa kuwachagua wajumbe wa komiti mbali mbali?
- 3. Mkutano huo utafanyika Kakamega?
- 4. Mkutano utakuwa lini?

or: mbali mbali

- 5. Mkutano huo utakuwa wa madiwani wa konseli ya wilaya gani?
- 6. Mkutano huo utawachagua wajumbe wa komiti gani?
- 7. Habari za mkutano huo zimetangazwa na nani?

### Glossary

msemaji (1,2) speaker, spokesman
kwamba that
diwani (1) councillor
madiwani (2)
leo today
-chagua to select, elect
mjumbe (1,2) messenger, representative
mbalimbali various, different

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Bw. Kapalango ni Katibu Mkuu.

Kutakuwa(ko) na mkutano mwisho
wa wiki hii.

Viongozi wanafarakana.

Mwenyekiti ana ulegevu.

Mwenyekiti aliwaomba wanachama kuhudhuria mkutano.

Wanachama watafika katika mkutano saa nne.

Mr. Kapalango is the General Secretary.

There will be a meeting the end of this week.

The leaders disagree.

The chairman is not forceful.

The chairman asked the members to attend the meeting.

The members will arrive at the meeting at 10 o'clock.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Katibu Mkuu wa Tanzania Bukoba Association Bw. Sospeter B. Kapalango, ametangaza kwamba kutakuwa(ko)l na mkutano mkubwa (katika)2 Pumwani Hall, mwisho wa wiki, kuwachagua viongozi.

Katibu huyo amesema kwamba viongozi walioko sasa wana farakano na ulegevu. Wanachama wote wanaulizwa3 kufika.

Baraza, 20 Januari 1966

The General Secretary of the Tanzania Bukoba Association, Mr. Sospeter B. Kapalango, has announced that there will be a big meeting in Pumwani Hall, the end of the week, to elect leader.

The (aforementioned) secretary said that the leaders who are now [in office] are divided ('have separation') and are weak. All members are asked to come ('arrive').

NOTE: 1, 2 The forms /kutakuwako na/ and /katika/ as used here have been discussed in earlier notes.

3 The verb /-omba/ means 'to ask' in the sense of 'to request', while /-uliza/ means 'to ask' in the sense of 'to inquire'. Probably through the influence of English, which uses 'ask' in both meanings, /-uliza/ is not infrequently used in place of /-omba/. This is a typical example.

<u>Supply concords</u> All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

mwisho_a wiki		mwisho wa wiki	
mkutano _a wanachama	mkutano h_o	mkutano wa wanachama	mkutano huo
mikutano <u>a</u> wanachama	mikutano ho	mikutano ya wanachama	mikutano hiyo
jimbo <u>a</u> magharibi	jimbo ho	jimbo la magharibi	jimbo hilo
majimbo <u>a</u> Nigeria	majimbo ho	majimbo ya Nigeria	majimbo hayo
farakano <u>a</u> viongozi		farakano la viongozi	
mafarakano _a viongozi		mafarakano ya viongozi	
kijiji <u>    a Kenya</u>	kijiji ho	kijiji cha Kenya	kijiji hicho
vijiji <u></u> a Kenya	vijiji ho	vijiji vya Kenya	vijiji hivyo
chama <u>    a</u> walimu	chama ho	chama cha walimu	chama hicho
vyama <u>    a</u> walimu	vyama ho	vyama vya walimu	vyama hivyo
nchi _a Tanzania	nchi h_o	nchi ya Tanzania	nchi hiyo
nchi _a Afrika	nchi h_o	nchi za Afrika	nchi hiyo
siku _a Jumatano	siku ho	siku ya Jumatano	siku hiyo
katiba _a Tanzania		katiba ya Tanzania	
kati _a Kenya na Ugand	la	kati ya Kenya na Ugand	la
kabla <u>a</u> Jumapili		kabla ya Jumapili	
kiongozi <u>a</u> chama	kiongozi h_o	kiongozi wa chama	kiongozi huyo
viongozi _a chama	viongozi h_o	viongozi wa chama	viongozi hao
mjumbe _a Kakamega	mjumbe ho	mjumbe wa Kakamega	mjumbe huyo
msemaji <u>a</u> konseli	msemaji h <u></u> o	msemaji wa konseli	msemaji huyo
wasemaji <u>a</u> serikali	wasemaji ho	wasemaji wa serikali	wasemaji hao

# Supply grammatical elements

Katibu Mkuu a_tang	gaza kuwa	mkutano	mkubwa ()
Pumwani Hall, mwisho _	_ wiki,cnagua	viongozi. Ka	tibu a_sema
viongozili	sasa wa farakan	o. Wanachama	w waomb_a
fika.			

# Questions

- 1. Kutakuwa na mkutano mkubwa mwisho wa wiki?
- 2. Mkutano utafanywa mwanzo wa wiki?
- 3. Viongozi walioko sasa wana farakano na ulegevu?
- 4. Bw. Kapalongo ametangaza kwamba kutakuwa na mkutano mkubwa wapi?
- 5. Katibu Mkuu ametangaza habari gani?
- 6. Katibu Mkuu ametangaza habari za michezo ya mpira?
- 7. Viongozi walioko sasa wana umoja?

### Glossary

katibu (1)	secretary
makatibu (2)	
mwisho $(3,4)$	end
farakano (5,6)	dividing off, separation, schism
-farakana	to dissent from one another
ulegevu (14)	slackness, exhaustion, weakness, softness
-uliza	to ask (usually, to ask a question, and /-omba/ means 'ask' in the sense of making a request)
-ulizwa	to be asked
-fika	to arrive

#### <u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Rais aliwahutubia Mawaziri kwenye mkutano.

Watakutana mwisho wa mwaka huu.

Bw. Fulani ni mjumbe wa wilaya hii.

Mwenyekiti alisimamia uchaquzi.

Mwenyekiti wa Mkoa huu ni nani?

Wanachama walimsaidia mwenyekiti.

Wanachama wote wanasaidiana.

The President addressed the Ministers at a meeting.

They will meet [at] the end of this year.

Mr. So-and-so is the representative of this district.

The chairman supervised the election.

Who is the chairman of this province?

The members helped the chairman.

All the members help one another.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Kwenye mkutano mkuu wa mwaka wa chama cha U. W. T. katika Wilaya ya Karagwe Bi Paulina Mkonge alichaguliwa kuwa Mwenye Kiti wa Wilaya na Bibi Cortrida Laurenti alichaguliwa Makamu wa Mwenye Kiti.

Uchaguzi huo ulisimamiwa na mwenye kiti wa U. W. T. wa Mkoa Bi Amisa akisaidiana na mjumbe wa Mkoa Bi Mariani Farahani.

Kiongozi, 15 Agosti 1966

At the annual meeting ('principal meeting of the year') of the U. W. T. organization in the district of Karagwe, Miss Paulina Mkonge was elected to be chairman of the district and Mrs. Cortrida Laurenti was elected deputy (of the) chairman.

The (aforementioned) election was supervised by the regional chairman of U. W. T., Miss Amisa in cooperation with ('cooperating with') the regional representative, Miss Mariani Farahani.

Supply concords All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

U.W.T. ni \_\_ama \_\_enye \_anachama \_\_engi.

U.W.T. ni chama chenye wanachama wengi.

U.W.T. is an organization with many members.

Morogoro ni mkoa \_enye

\_\_jiji \_\_ngi.

Morogoro ni mkoa wenye vijiji vingi.

Morogoro is a Province (?) with many villages.

Read the first sentence in each pair, and try to anticipate the second:

Wanachama waliwakuta Viongozi.

Viongozi walikutana.

The members found the leaders.
The leaders met one another.

Wanachama waliwasaidia viongozi.

Viongozi walisaidiana.

The members helped the leaders.
The leaders helped one another/

cooperated.

Rais aliwajulisha mawaziri.

Mawaziri walijulishana.

The president incroduced the ministers.

The ministers introduced one

another.

Viongozi walihutubia mkutano.

Viongozi walihutubiana.

The leaders addressed the meetings.

The leaders made speeches to one another.

### Questions

- 1. Uchaguzi huo ulisimamiwa na mwenyekiti wa mkoa?
- 2. Bi Paulina Mkonge alichaguliwa kuwa mwenyekiti wa mkoa?
- 3. Bibi Laurenti alichaguliwa makamu wa mwenye kiti?
- 4. Uchaguzi huo ulisimamiwa na nani?
- 5. Bi. Mariani Farahani ni mjumbe wa mkoa gani?
- 6. Mkutano huo ulikuwa wa aina gani?
- 7. Sasa mwenyekiti wa Wilaya ni nani?

### Glossary

-enye who or which has; where there is

kwenye (17) at

mwaka (3,4) year

U.W.T. (Umoja wa Wanawake wa Tanzania)

umoja (14) union, unity

mwanamke (1) woman

wanawake (2)

### SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

wilaya (9, 10) district
makamu (1) deputy, vice-simamia to oversee (lit: 'to stand by or over')
mkoa (3,4) region, province
-saidia to help
-saidiana to help one another; to cooperate

<u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Wanachama wanawafuata viongozi wao.

The members follow their leaders.

Chama hiki kina matawi mengi.

This organization has many branches.

Chama hiki hakina mtunza hazina.

This organization does not have a treasurer.

Bw. Nyawade aliwakilisha Idara ya Leba.

Mr. Nyawade represented the Department of Labour.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Katika mkutano wa chama cha Kenya Union of Commercial Food and Allied Workers, uliofanyiwa Nairobi wafuatao walichaguliwa kuwa maafisa wa Tawi la Nairobi: [mwenyekiti, makamu wake, katibu mkuu, makamu wake, mtunza hazina, makamu wake].

Uchaguzi huo ulisimamiwa chini ya uenyekiti wa Bw. G.K. Nyawade, mwakilishi wa Idara ya Leba.

Baraza, 20 Januari 1966

In a meeting of the (organization of) Kenya Union of Commercial Food and Allied Workers, which was held in Nairobi, the following ('those who follow') were elected to be officers of the Nairobi branch: [chairman, vice-chairman, general secretary, his deputy, treasurer, his deputy].

The (aforementioned) election was conducted (overseen) under the chair-manship of Mr. G.W. Nyawade, a representative of the Department of Labour.

Practice until you can read the first sentence in each pair and anticipate the second:

Mkutano huo ulifanyiwa Nairobi.

The meeting was held in Nairobi.

Huo ni mkutano uliofanyiwa Nairobi.

This is the meeting that was held in Nairobi.

Mikutano hiyo ilifanyiwa Nairobi.

Those meetings were held in Nairobi.

Hiyo ni mikutano iliyofanyiwa Nairobi.

Those are the meetings that were held in Nairobi.

Maafisa hao walichaguliwa.

Hao ni maafisa waliochaguliwa.

Mwenyekiti huyo alichaguliwa jana.

Huyo ni mwenyekiti aliyechaguliwa jana.

Bw. Nyawade aliwakilisha Idara ya Leba.

Bw. Nyawade ni afisa aliyewakilisha Idara ya Leba.

Those officers were elected.

These are the officers that were elected / the elected officers.

The chairman was elected yesterday.

That is the chairman that was elected yesterday.

Mr. Nyawade represented the Department of Labour.

Mr. Nyawade is the officer who represented the Department of Labour.

Supply the missing elements

All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Katika \_\_kutano \_a chama \_a Kenya Union of Commercial Food and Allied Workers, u\_\_fany\_a Nairobi \_\_fuata\_\_wa\_chagu\_a kuwa \_\_afisa \_a Tawi \_a Nairobi.

Chaguz h u simam a chini a envekiti a mwakilish

\_\_chaguz\_\_ h\_\_ u\_simam\_a chini \_a \_enyekiti \_a mwakilish\_\_ \_a Idara \_a Leba.

### Questions

- 1. Uchaguzi huo ulisimamiwa chini ya uenyekiti wa Bw. G.K. Nyawada?
- 2. Bw. Nyawade aliwakilisha Idara ya Elimu?
- 3. Katika mkutano uliofanyiwa Nairobi maafisa gani walichaguliwa?
- 4. Mkutano huo ulikuwa wa kuwachagua maofisa wa tawi gani?
- 5. Makamu wa katibu mkuu pia alichaguliwa?

#### Glossary

-fuata to follow

tawi (5,6) branch (of a tree or an organization)

hazina (9) treasury

-tunza to care for

chini (9) under

uenyekiti (14) chairmanship -wakilisha to represent

mwakilishi (1,2) representative

idara (9,10) department

#### Vocabulary

<u>Listen</u> to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Viongozi walikutana baada ya mkutano mkubwa.

Chama hicho kinatawala nchi ya Rhodesia.

TANU na KANU ni vyama vya siasa.

Watu wengi walifika kwenye mkutano.

Bw. Fulani ana umri gani?

Msemaji wa kwanza alikuwa Bw. Fulani.

Wilaya ilipata mwakilishi.

Bw. Fulani alipata cheo cha mtunza hazina.

The leaders met after the big meeting.

This organization governs the country of Rhodesia.

TANU and KANU are political parties.

Many people arrived at ('where there was') the meeting.

How old is Mr. So-and-so?

The first speaker was Mr. So-and-so.

The district got a representative.

Mr. So-and-so got the rank of treasurer.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Bw. John Wrathal aliyekuwa Waziri wa Hazina, Rhodesia, amechaguliwa kuwa Makamu wa Waziri Mkuu wa Rhodesia. Bw. Wrathall alichaguliwa baada ya mkutano wa chama cha siasa kinachotawala nchi hiyo. Ana umri wa miaka 53 na amekuwa mtu wa kwanza kupata cheo hicho.

Taifaleo, 9 Septemba 1966

Mr. John Wrathall, who was the Finance Minister in Rhodesia has been chosen to be Deputy Prime Minister of Rhodesia (or: Deputy to the Prime Minister of Rhodesia). Mr. Wrathall was selected after a meeting of the ruling political party [in] the (aforementioned) country. He is 53 years old, and was (or: has become) the first person to get that rank.

NOTE: Another, probably smoother word order would be /... chama cha siasa kinachoitawala nchi .../.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Bw. John Wrathall \_\_li\_kuwa Waziri \_a Hazina, Rhodesia, \_\_mechaguliwa kuwa Makamu \_a Waziri \_kuu \_a Rhodesia. Bw. Wrathall \_\_lichaguliwa baada \_a \_\_kutano \_a \_ama \_a siasa \_\_na\_otawala nchi h\_o. \_\_na \_\_mri \_a \_aka 53 na \_mekuwa \_tu \_a kwanza kupata \_eo h\_o.

# Supply the missing elements

Mtu ali\_\_pata cheo \_a Makamu \_a Waziri M\_\_ ali\_\_wa Bw. Wrathall. Bw. Wrathall a kuwa Waziri wa \_\_\_. A \_ umri \_a mi\_\_ 53. Chama chake \_a siasa \_\_natawala nchi \_a Rhodesia.

#### Questions

- 1. Bw. Wrathall amechaguliwa kuwa Makamu wa Waziri Mkuu wa Rhodesia?
- 2. Bw. Wrathall ana umri wa miaka 50?
- 3. Amekuwa mtu wa tatu kupata cheo hicho?
- 4. Bw. Wrathall alichaguliwa baada ya mkutano wa chama gani?
- 5. Waziri Mkuu wa Rhodesia ni nani?
- 6. Bw. Wrathall alikuwa waziri wa idara gani?
- 7. Bw. Wrathall alichaguliwa na chama cha wafanyi kazi Rhcdesia?

### Glossary

baada (9)	after
-tawala	to govern, rule
siasa (9,10)	politics, policy
umri (4)	age
mtu (1,2)	person
(-a) kwanza	first
-pata	to get, receive
cheo (7,8)	rank

<u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mawaziri wanashauriana.

The ministers are consulting together.

Chama kina jumla ya wanachama 100.

The organization has a total of 100 members.

Wanakomiti walimwalika Rais wa nchi.

The committee members invited the President of the country.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Tarehe 1 Machi, 1965, ulianza mkutan wa kushauriana wa vyama vya Kikoministi. Waliohudhuria katika mkutano huo ni wajumbe kutoka vyama 18 vya Kikominist katika jumla ya vyama 25 vilivyoalikwa...

Kweupe 4 Machi 1965

On March 1, 1965, began a consultative meeting ('a meeting for advising one another') of communist parties. [Those] who attended (in) the (aforesaid) meeting are representatives from 18 communist parties out of ('in') a total of 25 parties that were invited....

NOTE: The word spelled in this text /kikominist/ is also often spelled /kikomunisti/.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Tarehe l Machi, \_\_lianza \_\_kutano \_a kushauriana \_a \_ama \_a \_koministi.\_li\_ohudhuria ni \_jumbe kutoka \_ama kumi na \_\_nane \_a \_\_komunisti katika jumla \_a \_ama ishirini na \_\_tano \_li\_oalikwa...

Count, from one to twenty:

chama kimoja vyama viwili vyama vitatu mkutano mmoja
mikutano miwili
etc.

# SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

vyama vinne

vyama vitano

kijiji kimoja

vyama sita

vijiji viwili

vyama saba

etc.

vyama vinane

vyama tisa

vyama kumi

vyama kumi na kimoja

vyama kumi na viwili

vyama kumi na vitatu tawi moja

vyama kumi na vinne matawi mawili

vyama kumi na vitano etc.

vyama kumi na sita

vyama kumi na saba

vyama kumi na vinane

vyama kumi na tisa

vyama ishirini

cawi moja

mjumbe mmoja

wajumbe wawili

etc.

# Questions

1. Jumla ya vyama 25 vilialikwa?

2. Vyama 25 vyote vilivyoalikwa vilihudhuria?

3. Mkutano huo ulikuwa wa vyama vya nchi gani?

4. Tarehe 1 Machi, 1965, ulianza mkutano wa vyama gani?

5. Wajumbe kutoka nchi ngapi walihudhuria mkutano huo?

### Glossary

-shauri

to consult, advise

-shauriana

to consult one another

jumla (9)

total

-alika

to invite

<u>Vocabulary</u>
Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mawaziri ni watumishi wa Serikali.

Ministers are servants of the government.

Msemaji alitoa tangazo.

The speaker made an announcement.

Mawaziri watazungumza mambo juu ya uchaguzi.

The ministers discussed matters concerning the election.

Viongozi walizungumza jambo la siri.

The leaders discussed a secret matter.

Chama hiki kinasaidia maendeleo ya wilaya.

This organization aids the progress of the district.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Kutakuwa (ko) na semina ya siku mbili katika Kisii Training Centre, kuanzia Septemba 16 hadi 17 ambayo itahudhuriwa na viongozi wa siasa, watumishi Serikalini.

Mwenye kutoa tangazo hili ni District Commissioner wa Kisii, Bw. A. Kang'ethe. Mambo yatakayozungumzwa ni juu ya maendeleo ya wilaya ya Kisii.

Taifaleo, 9 Septemba 1966

There will be a two-day seminar in Kisii beginning on September 16th until the 17th, which will be attended by political leaders and public servants ('servants in the government').

The one who gave out this announcement ('the one having given out this announcement') is the D. C. of Kisii, Mr. A. Kang'ethe. Matters that will be discussed are concerning the progress of the district of Kisii.

Practice the following until you can look at one member of each pair of expressions, and anticipate the other.

semina itakayohudhuriwa

semina ambayo itahudhuriwa

a seminar that will be attended

mambo yatakayozungumzwa

mambo ambayo yatazungumzwa

matters that will be discussed

## SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

jambo litakalozungumzwa	jambo ambalo litazungumzwa	the matter that will be discussed
mwenyekiti aliyechaguliwa	mwenyekiti ambaye alichaguliwa	the chairman who was elected
vyama vilivyoshauriana	vyama ambavyo vilishauriana	the parties that consulted one another
chama kinachotawala	chama ambacho kinatawala	the party that governs
mkoa unaowakilishwa	mkoa ambao unawakilishwa	the region that is represented
wajumbe waliofika	wajumbe ambao walifika	the representatives who arrived

## Questions

- 1. Kutakuwa(ko) na semina ya siku mbili katika Kisii?
- 2. Semina hiyo itaanza tarehe 17 hadi 19?
- 3. Semina hiyo itahudhuriwa na viongozi wa siasa na watumishi wa serikali?
- 4. Mwenye kutoa tangazo hili alikuwa nani?
- 5. Semina hiyo itazungumza juu ya mambo gani?
- 6. Semina hiyo itakuwa ya muda gani?
- 7. Viongozi wa siasa na watumishi wa serikali watafanyia semina yao wapi?

# Glossary

mtumishi (1,2)	servant
-toa	to give off, give out
jambo (5)	matter, affair
mambo (6)	
-zungumza	to converse, discuss
juu <b>(</b> 9)	on, over, about
maendeleo (6)	progress, development

<u>Vocabulary</u>
Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Rais Nyerere na Rais Obote watakutana.

President Nyerere and President Obote are going to meet one another.

Watamaliza mkutano wao kesho.

They will end their meeting tomorrow.

Mambo hayo yanajulikana.

These matters are known.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Rais Julius Nyerere wa Tanzania na Rais Milton Obote wa Uganda watakutana leo Mwanza, Tanzania. Mkutano huo utamaliza siku moja. Yatakayozungumzwa hayajulikani.

Taifaleo, 2 Septemba 1966

President Julius Nyerere of Tanzania and President Milton Obote of Uganda will meet today in Mwanza, Tanzania. The (aforementioned) meeting will take ('finish') one day. What will be talked about is not known.

NOTE: Some speakers would prefer /...utachukua siku moja./, Lit: '...will take one day'.

Practice until you can look at the first sentence of each pair and anticipate the second:

Mambo hayo yanajulikana? Hayajulikani.

Are those matters known?

They are not known.

Mambo hayo yanazungumzwa?

Hayazungumzwi.

Are those matters being discussed?

They are not being discussed.

Viongozi hao wanashauriana? Hawashauriani. Are those leaders consulting one another?

They aren't consulting one another.

Chama hicho kinatawala nchi ya Rhodesia?

Hakiitawali.

Wanachama wote wanawafuata viongozi wao?

Hawawafuati.

Rais anawachagua wajumbe?
Hawachagui.

Rais anatazamiwa kufika?

Hatazamiwi.

Kuna Idara ya Maendeleo?

Hakuna.

Does that party govern the country of Rhodesia?

It doesn't govern it.

Do all the members follow their leaders?

They don't follow them.

Does the President select the delegates?
He doesn't select them.

Is the President expected to arrive?
He is not expected.

Is there a Department of Development?

There isn't.

Practice until you can anticipate the long sentence after reading the two short ones.

not known.

Mambo yatazungumzwa.

Mambo hayo hayajulikani.

Mambo yatakayozungumzwa hayajulikani.

Mkutano utaanza Ijumaa.

Mkutano huo utachukua siku tatu.

Mkutano utakaoanza Ijumaa utachukua siku tatu.

Jambo litazungumzwa.

Jambo hilo litatangazwa.

Jambo litakalozungumzwa litatangazwa.

Madiwani wataalikwa.

Madiwani hao watahudhuria mkutano.

Madiwani watakaoalikwa watahudhuria mkutano.

Matters will be discussed.

Those matters are not known.

The matters that will be discussed are

A meeting will begin on Friday.

That meeting will take three days.

The meeting that begins on Friday will take three days.

A matter will be discussed.

That matter will be announced.

The matter to be discussed will be announced.

The councillors will be invited.

Those councillors will attend the meeting.

The councillors who are ('will be') invited will attend the meeting.

## Questions

- 1. Rais Julius Nyerere wa Tanzania na Rais Milton Obote wa Uganda watakutana?
- 2. Mkutano huo utachukua siku tatu?

## SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

- 3. Rais Nyerere na Rais Obote watakutania wapi?
- 4. Marais hao watazungumza mambo gani?
- 5. Yatakayozungumzwa yanajulikana?

# Glossary

-kutana to meet (one another)

-maliza to finish, bring to an end

-chukua to pick up, take

-julikana to be known, knowable

## <u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Halmashauri itakutana kesho.

Viongozi wote wamekuja kwenye mkutano.

Bw. Fulani anawakilisha mtaa gani? "

Mambo hayo yalitangazwa rasmi.

Makao makuu ya TANU yako wapi?

Msemaji alitoa taarifa.

Mkutano utaendelea mpaka kesho.

Mawaziri watakutana kwa muda wa siku mbili.

The committee will meet tomorrow.

All the leaders have come to the meeting.

What does Mr. So-and-so represent?

These matters were announced officially.

Where as the general headquarters of TANU?

The spokesman gave a bulletin.

The meeting will continue until tomorrow.

The ministers will meet for a period of two days.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Halmashauri kuu ya Taifa, National Executive Committee itakutana mjini Dar-es-Salaam kuanzia Jumamosi tarehe l Oktoba, kuzungumzia uchaguzi ujao wa Halmashauri za Mitaa, imetangazwa rasmi jana mjini Dar es Salaam kutoka Makao Makuu ya chama.

Taarifa hiyo iliendelea kusema kwamba mkutano huo utaendelea kukutana kwa muda wa siku mbili.

Uhuru, 6 Septemba 1966

The National Executive Committee will meet in the city of Dar es Salaam beginning Saturday, October 1, to discuss the coming election of the local (town and village) committees, it was announced officially yesterday in the city of Dar es Salaam - from the headquarters of the party.

The (aforementioned) bulletin went on to say that the (aforementioned) meeting will continue to meet for a period of two days.

NOTE: Some speakers prefer /-zungumza juu ya/ in place of /-zungumzia/ in this context.

Supply concords All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

uchaguzi _ja_o wiki _ja_o wikiilija_o mwaka _ja_o	uchaguzi ujao wiki ijayo wiki mbili zijazo mwaka ujao	the coming election next week ('the week that comes') two weeks from now ('two weeks that next year come')
miaka <u>    ili  </u> ja <u> </u> o	miaka miwili ijayo	two years from now
siku <u> </u> ja_o	siku zijazo	future days
mkutano _ja_o	mkutano ujao	the coming meeting
mikutano _ja_o	mikutano ijayo	future meetings

# Supply grammatical elements where needed

Halmashauri Kuu Taifatakut_a mjini Dar es Salaam
anz_a Jumamosi,zungumza uchaguzija Halmashauri
Mitaa,metangazwa jana mji Dar es Salaam Makao Makuu chama.
Taarifaliendasema kwamba mkutanotaendeleakutana muda_siku mbili.

#### Questions

- 1. Halmashauri kuu ya Taifa itakutana mjini Dar es Salaam kuanzia Jumamosi?
- 2. Mkutano huo utaendelea kukutana kwa muda wa siku nne?
- 3. Habari za mkutano zilitangazwa rasmi?
- 4. Mkutano huo utaendelea kukutana kwa muda wa siku ngapi?
- 5. Halmashauri kuu ya Taifa itakutania wapi?
- 6. Mkutano huo utazungumzia uchaguzi gani?
- 7. Habari hizi za mkutano zilitangazwa kutoka wapi?

#### Glossary

halmashauri (9,10)	committee
−ja	to come
mtaa (3,4)	district or quarter of a town
rasmi	officially
makao (6)	quarters
taarifa (9,10)	report, bulletin
-endelea	to go on, continue
muda (3)	period of time

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Serikali inatayarisha mpango wa maendeleo.

Mambo ya uchumi yalizungumzwa.

Mawaziri wote walifika pamoja.

Chama hicho kina mali nyingi.

Bw. Ayodo alikuwa Waziri wa Mali za Asili.

Wanachama wengi walifika mapema.

The government is preparing a for development.

Matters of economics were discussed.

All the ministers arrived together.

That organization has much wealth/many resources.

Mr. Ayodo was Minister of Natural Resources.

Many members arrived early.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Waziri wa Mipango ya Uchumi na Maendeleo, Bw. T.J. Mboya, jana alisema kwamba yeye pamoja na Waziri wa Mali za Asili, Bw. S.O. Ayodo hawatahudhuria mkutano utakaofanywa South Nyanza Jumapili wiki hii.

Mjumbe wa Homa Bay, Bw. Ngala-Arok, ambaye alitayarisha mkutano huo, alikuwa amesema hapo mapema kwamba Mawaziri hao wawili watahudhuria na msemaji mkuu atakuwa Makamu wa Rais, Jaramogi Oginga Odinga.

Baraza, 20 Januari 1966

The Minister of Economic Planning and Development, Mr. T.J. Mboya, said yesterday that he together with the Minister of Natural Resources would not attend the meeting that will be held in South Nyanza this week.

The representative of Homa Bay, Mr. Ngala-Arok, who arranged the (aforementioned) meeting, had said earlier that the (aforementioned) two ministers would attend and [that] the principal speaker would be the Vice-President, Jaramogi Oginga Odinga.

Practice until you can anticipate the second sentence in each pair after reading or hearing the first.

Mawaziri wamefika.

Mawaziri walikuwa wamefika kabla ya Ijumaa.

Katiba imetayarishwa.

Katiba ilikuwa imetayarishwa kabla ya Ijumaa.

Uchaguzi umefanywa.

Uchaguzi ulikuwa umefanywa kabla ya Ijumaa.

Msemaji ametoa tangazo.

Msemaji alikuwa ametoa tangazo kabla ya Ijumaa.

Rais amewachagua mawaziri.

Rais alikuwa amewachagua mawaziri kabla ya Ijumaa.

The ministers have arrived.

The ministers had arrived before Friday.

A constitution has been prepared.

A constitution had been prepared

before Friday.

An election has been held.

An election had been held before Friday.

A spokesman has made an announcement.

A spokesman had made an announcement before Friday.

The President has chosen the ministers.

The President had chosen the minister before Friday.

## Questions

- 1. Bw. T.J. Mboya na Bw. S.O. Ayodo watahudhuria mkutano utakaofanywa South Nyanza?
- 2. Mjumbe wa Homa Bay alitayarisha mkutano?
- 3. Msemaji mkuu atakuwa Makamu wa Rais, Jaramogi Oginga Odinga?
- 4. Bw. Ngala-Arok ni mjumbe wa wapi?
- 5. Mkutano huo utafanywa siku gani?
- 6. Bw. T.J. Mboya alisema nini?
- 7. Msemaji mkuu atakuwa nani?

#### Glossary

mpango (3,4)	plan
uchumi (14)	economics
pamoja	together, jointly
mali (10)	property, goods
asili (9)	nature
mapema	early, earlier

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

European Economic Community ni shirika kubwa.

The European Economic Community is a large association.

Mawaziri hawafanyi biashara.

Ministers do not engage in commerce.

Wajumbe watajadili mambo mengi.

The delegates will discuss many matters.

Mambo hayo yanahusu biashara.

Those matters relate to business.

Kuna uhusiano wa siasa kati ya nchi hizo mbili.

There is a political relationship between those two countries.

2

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Wajumbe wa shirika kubwa la biashara-European Economic Community-- na wajumbe wa
shirika la biashara katika Afrika watafanya
mkutano mjini Mogadishu, Somali. Wajumbe
hao watajadili mengi kuhusu uhusiano wa uchumi
katika Ulaya na Asia na vile wangesaidiana
pamoja.

Mkutano huo utafanywa mnamo Septemba 24 hadi 29.

Taifaleo, 7 Septemba 1966

Representatives of large commercial association—the European Economic Community—and representatives of the business community in Africa will hold a meeting in the city of Mogadiscio, Somalia. The (aforementioned) delegates will discuss many [matters] having to do with economic relationship[s] in Europe and Asia, and how they might cooperate together.

The (aforementioned) meeting will be held on September 24-29.

NOTE: The phrase /vile wangesaidiana/ may have originated as a direct but inappropriate translation of English 'how they might help one another'; some speakers find it objectionable. A less controversial alternative would be /namna watakavyosaidiana/ lit: 'ways in which they will help one another'.

Supply concords

All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

mjumbe \_a shirika
wajumbe \_a shirika
shirika \_a biashara
biashara \_a shirika
mkutano \_a wajumbe
mikutano \_a shirika
uhusiano \_a uchumi
uchumi \_a Afrika
mali \_a asili
mpango \_a maendeleo
mipango \_a uchumi
chama \_a siasa

mjumbe wa shirika
wajumbe wa shirika
shirika la biashara
biashara ya shirika
mkutano wa wajumbe
mikutano ya shirika
uhusiano wa uchumi
Uchumi wa Afrika
mali za asili
mpango wa maendeleo
mipango ya uchumi
chama cha siasa

delegate of the association delegates of the association chamber of commerce business of the association meeting of delegates meetings of the association economic relationship the economy of Africa natural resources a plan for progress economic plans political party

Practice until you can anticipate the second sentence of each pair after reading the first.

Watasaidiana pamoja.

Wanajadili namna watakavyosaidiana pamoja.

Watatayarisha mkutano.

Wanajadili namna watakavyotayarisha mkutano.

Watamaliza kazi yao.

Wanajadili namna wacakavyomaliza kazi yao.

Watasimamia uchaguzi.

Wanajadili namna watakavyosimamia uchaguzi.

They will cooperate.

They are discussing way(s) in which they are going to cooperate.

They're going to organize a meeting.

They are disscussing how they are going to organize the meeting.

They'll bring their work to an end.

They're discussing how they will finish their work.

They will supervise the election.

They're discussing how they are going to run the election.

# Questions

- 1. Mkutano utafanyiwa mjini Mogadishu?
- 2. Wajumbe watajadili mengi kuhusu uhusiano wa uchumi?
- Mkutano huo utafanywa lini?
- 4. Mkutano huo utahudhuriwa na wajumbe kutoka wapi?
- 5. Wajumbe wa shirika gani watakutana?

# Glossary

shirika (5,6)
biashara (9)
business, commerce
Ulaya (9)
-jadili
-husu
uhusiano (14)
namna (9,10)
sussociation
business, commerce
turope
to discuss
to relate to
relationship

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English

Kikao cha kwanza kitaanza kesho.

Kenya ni nchi huru.

Hakuna habari za mkutano huo.

Hatuziamini habari hizi.

Waziri alieleza mipango yake.

Mkutano mkubwa ulitanguliwa na mkutano wa mawaziri.

Watajadili mambo ya kigeni.

The first session will begin tomorrow.

Kenya is a free country.

There is no news of that meeting.

We don't trust this information.

The minister explained his plans.

The big meeting was preceded by a meeting of the ministers.

They are going to discuss foreign affairs.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia, Ijumaa. Kikao cha nne cha mkutano wa Viongozi wa Nchi huru za Kiafrika kitaanza mjini hapa kuanzia Novemba 2 mpaka 5. Habari za kuaminika zinazohusiana sana na Umoja wa Nchi huru za Kiafrika zimeeleza leo. Mkutano huo, ambao utafanyika katika Africa Hall, utatanguliwa na mkutano wa Mawaziri wa Mambo ya Nchi za Kigeni ambao watakutana kutayarisha agenda za mkutano huo wa Viongozi.

Uhuru, 13 Agosti 1966

The fourth session of the meeting of Leaders of Free African Nations will begin in this city ('here in the city') from November 2 to 5. Reliable reports close(ly related) to the Union of Free African Countries said ('explained') today. The meeting, which will be held in Africa Hall, will be preceded by a meeting of Foreign Ministers who will meet to prepare the agenda for the meeting of Leaders.

Supply concords
All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Kikao h\_o \_taanza kesho.

Kikao hicho kitaanza kesho.

That session will begin tomorrow.

Vikao h\_\_o \_\_taanza kesho.

Vikao hivyo vitaanza kesho.

Those sessions will begin tomorrow.

Mkutano h_o _taanza kesho.	Mkutano huo utaanza kesho.	That meeting will begin tomorrow.
Mikutano h_o _taanza kesho.	Mikutano hiyo itaanza kesho.	Those meetings will begin tomorrow.
Mazungumzo h_otaanza kesho.	Mazungumzo hayo yataanza kesho.	Those conversations will begin tomorrow.
Uchaguzi h_o _taanza kesho.	Uchaguzi huo utaanza kesho.	That election will begin tomorrow.
		the first session
kikao <u>    a   k</u> wanza	kikao cha kwanza	
kikao cha pili	kikao cha pili	the second session
mkutano <u>   a  pili                              </u>	mkutano wa pili	the second meeting
mkutano _a kwanza	mkutano wa kwanza	the first meeting
Makamu _a kwanza _a Rais	Makamu wa kwanza wa Rais	the first vice-president
Makamu _a pili _a Rais	Makamu wa pili wa Rais	the second vice-president
mpango _a pili	mpango wa pili	the second plan
mpango _a kwanza	mpango wa kwanza	the first plan
habari _a kwanza	habari za kwanza	the first news
uchaguzi _a tatu	uchaquzi wa tatu	the third election
<del>-</del>	jambo la tatu	the third matter
jambo _a tatu		the first matter
jambo <u>   a  kwanza</u>	jambo la kwanza	
kikao <u>    a  kwanza                                   </u>	kikao cha kwanza	the first session

Practice until you can anticipate the long sentence after reading the two short ones.

Walichukua siku moja. Walijadili mambo ya kigeni.

Walichukua siku moja wakijadili mambo ya kigeni.

Watachukua siku moja. Watajadili mambo ya kigeni.

Watachukua siku moja wakijadili mambo ya kigeni.

Watachukua siku mbili. Watatayarisha agenda.

Watachukua siku mbili wakitayarisha agenda.

Wanachukua siku mbili. Wanatayarisha agenda. Wanachukua siku mbili wakitayarisha

agenda.

They took one day.

They discussed foreign affairs.

They took one day discussing foreign affairs.

They'll take one day.

They're going to discuss foreign affairs.

They're going to take a day discussing foreign affairs.

They're going to take two days.
They're going to prepare an agenda.

They're going to take two days preparing an agenda.

They're spending two days.

They're preparing an agenda.

They're spending two days preparing an agenda.

# Questions

- 1. Kikao cha nne kitaanza mjini Addis Ababa?
- 2. Mkutano huo utaanza Novemba 4 mpaka 7?
- 3. Mkutano huo utatanguliwa na mkutano gani?
- 4. Mawaziri wa mambo ya Nchi za kigeni watakutana kutayarisha nini?
- 5. Huo utakuwa mkutano wa nchi gani za kiafrika?

## Glossary

```
kikao (7,8)
                   session
  (cf. makao
                    'quarters', 'seat'
  -kaa
                    'to sit, stay, reside')
huru
                    free
  (cf. uhuru (14)
                   'freedom')
habari (10)
                   news, information
-amini
                   to trust, believe
-aminika
                   to be believed, trusted, trustworthy
-eleza
                    to explain
  (cf. -elewa
                    'to understand')
-tanguliwa
                    to be preceded
                    stranger, guest, foreigner
mgeni (1.2)
kigeni (7)
                    foreign-style
```

# Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Msemaji alijitahidi kueleza siasa ya chama chake.

Mkutano mkubwa ulitanguliwa na mkutano mwingine.

Wanachama wanawasadiki viongozi wao.

Watu wengi waliususia uchaguzi.

Wengine walitishia kuususia mkutano.

The speaker attempted to explain the policy of his party.

The big meeting was preceded by another meeting.

The members believe their leaders.

Many people boycotted the election.

Some [people] threatened to boycott the meeting.

Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the <u>Text</u> English translation.

> Nigeria itahudhuria mkutano wa nchi za Kiafrika ambao utafanywa Accra, Ghana, katika mwezi wa Septemba, mwaka huu. Habari hizo zinasema kwamba nchi ya Nigeria itajitahidi pia kuzishauri nchi nyingine 35 zilizo wanachama kuhudhuria mkutano huo, ambao nchi za Afrika ya Magharibi zinazosema Kifaransa zilisadikiwa kutishia kuususia mkutano huo.

> > Kweupe 22 Mei 1965

Nigeria will attend the meeting of African countries which will be held in Accra, Ghana, in the month of September this year. This report says that Nigeria will also try hard to counsel 35 other nations that are members to attend the meeting, which the French-speaking countries of West Africa are believed to be threatening to boycott.

All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book Supply concords would spoil it for future practice.

nchi \_\_li\_o wanachama nchi \_li\_o mwanachama mtu \_ali\_\_ mwanachama watu \_\_li\_o wanachama vyama <u>li</u> wanachama chama li mwanachama chama kilicho mwanachama

nchi zilizo wanachama nchi iliyo mwanachama mtu aliye mwanachama watu walio wanachama vyama vilivyo wanachama

people who are members organizations that are memb(:2s

an organization that is a member

countries that are members

a country that is a member

a person who is a member

Wata_susia mkutano	h_o.	Wataususia mk	utano huo.	They wi	11 boycott	that
Wata_susia mikutano	ho.	Wataisusia mi	kutano hiyo.		11 boycott	those
Watasusia kikao h	<del></del>	Watakisusia k	ikao hicho.		ll boycott	that
Watasusia vikao h	_ /	Watavisusia v	ikao hivyo.	They wi	11 boycott	those
Wata_susia uchaguzi	h_o.'	Wataususia uc	haguzi huo.	They wi elect	ll boycott ion.	that
mtungine		mtu mwingine		some, o	ther, anoth	ler person
watu <u>    ngine</u>		watu wengine			ther people	
kiongozingine		kiongozi mwin	gine	another		
viongozi <u>ngine</u>		viongozi weng	ine	other 1		
katibungine		katibu myingi:			the other	secretary
mpangongine		mpango mwingi	ne	another		secretary
mipangongine		mipango mingi	ne	other p	_	
mjingine	mji mwi	.ngine	vyeongine		vyeo vingi	ne
shirika <u>ngine</u>	shirika	jingine	nchingine	(sq)	nchi nying	
tangazongine	tangazo	jingine	nchingine		nchi nying	
matangazongine	matanga	zo mengine	biashara		biashara n	•
jambo <u>    ngine</u>	jambo j	ingine	habari ngi	_	habari nyi	
mambo <u> </u>	mambo n	engine	taarifang			_
kikao <u>    ng</u> ine	kikao k	ingine	siasangin		siasa nyin	_
vikao <u>    ng</u> ine	vikao v	ingine	uhusiano n		uhusiano m	_
cheo <u> </u>	cheo ki	ngine	uchaguzin	_	uchaguzi m	_

## Questions

- 1. Nigeria itahudhuria mkutano wa nchi za Kiafrika ambao utafanywa Accra?
- 2. Nchi za Afrika ya Magharibi zinazosema Kifaransa zitahudhuria mkutano?
- 3. Nigeria itajitahidi pia kufanya nini?
- 4. Mkutano huo utafanyika mwezi gani?
- 5. Nchi za Afrika magharibi zisemazo Kifaransa zinasadikiwa kutishia nini?

# Glossary

mwezi (3,4)	moon, month
-jitahidi	to make an effort
-ingine	some, other, another
-sadiki	to believe
-tisha	to menace, frighten, threaten
-susia	to refuse in pique, to boycott

Use each of these words in a short sentence based on the text. Then, if you have studied Swahili elsewhere, go on and use each word in a short sentence that is not based on the text. Ordinarily, these sentences should be factually true as well as grammatically correct.

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<u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mkutano ulimalizika jana.

Bado wanajadili agenda.

Jambo hili linatishia umoja wa chama.

Nchi ya Rhodesia ilikuwa na utawala wa kigeni.

The meeting ended yesterday.

They're still discussing the agenda.

This matter threatens the unity of the party.

The country of Rhodesia had a foreign government.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Mkutano wa viongozi wa nchi za Afrika umemalizika (katika) Accra, Ghana wiki hii baada ya kukutana kwa siku tano.

Kati ya mambo yaliyojadiliwa katika mkutano huo ni umoja wa nchi za Afrika zilizo bado chini ya utawala wa kikoloni.

Baraza, 28 Oktoba 1965

A meeting of leaders of African countries ended this week in Accra, Ghana, after meeting for five days.

Among the matters that were discussed in the meeting were ('are') the Unity of African countries which are still under colonial government.

Supply concords

All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

Nchi hizi ziko chini \_a utawala \_a \_koloni.

Hizi ni nchi \_\_li\_\_ chini \_a \_tawala \_a \_koloni.

Watu h\_\_\_\_ chini \_a \_tawala \_a kikoloni.

Nchi hizi ziko chini ya utawala wa kikoloni.

Hizi ni nchi zilizo chini ya utawala wa kikoloni.

Watu hawa wako chini ya utawala wa kikoloni.

Hawa ni \_\_tu \_\_lio chini \_a \_tawala \_a \_\_koloni.

Miji h\_\_\_ magharibi \_a mji \_a Morogoro.

Hii ni \_\_ji \_li\_\_ gharibi ya mji \_a Morogoro.

Hawa ni watu walio chini ya utawala wa kikoloni.

Miji hii iko magharibi ya mji wa Morogoro.

Hii ni miji iliyoko magharibi ya mji wa Morogoro.

Practice until you can anticipate the last two sentences of each group after reading the first.

Wajumbe walimaliza mkutano wao. Mkutano ulimalizwa na wajumbe. Mkutano ulimalizika.

Mawaziri walifanya mkutano. Mkutano ulifanywa na mawaziri. Mkutano ulifanyika.

Wanachama wanawaamini viongozi wao. Viongozi wanaaminiwa na wanachama. Viongozi wanaaminika. The delegates ended their meeting.

The meeting was ended by the delegates.

The meeting was ended/came to an end.

The ministers held a meeting.

A meeting was held by the ministers.

A meeting was held/took place.

The members trust their leaders.

The leaders are trusted by the members.

The leaders are trustworthy.

# Questions

- 1. Mkutano wa viongozi wa nchi za Kiafrika umemalizika?
- 2. Kati ya yale yaliyojadiliwa ni umoja wa nchi zipi za Afrika?
- 3. Viongozi hao walikutana kwa siku ngapi?
- 4. Mambo gani yalijadiliwa katika mkutano huo?
- 5. Mkutano huo ulikutanika wapi?

## Glossary

-malizika to (come to an) end
cf. -maliza to (bring to an) end
-malizwa to (be brought to an) end
bado still, yet
utawala (14) government

Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Kenya iko mashariki ya Uganda.

Waziri hajaeleza nia ya mpango wake.

Chama kitaanzisha ujenzi wa shule.

Kulikuwa na mkutano miezi miwili iliyopita.

Kenya is east of Uganda.

The minister hasn't yet explained the purpose of his plan.

The organization will initiate the construction of a school.

There as a meeting two months ago.

Text Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

Mjumbe wa Embu Town na Lokesheni ya Gaturi katika Konseli ya Jimbo la Mashariki, Bw. B.L. Muruiki ametangaza kwamba kutakuwa(ko) na mkutano wa watu wote wa Harambee katika Karingari Market, Jumapili, tarehe 3 Oktoba.

Nia ya mkutano huo alisema ni kumaliza ujenzi wa skuli na dispensari ambazo hazijamalizika na ambazo zilianzishwa muda mrefu uliopita.

Baraza, 30 Septemba 1965

The Delegate for Embu Town and Gaturi Location in the Council of the Eastern Region, Mr. B.L. Muriuki, has announced that there will be a meeting of all the Harambee (Volunteer) people in Karingari Market, Sunday, October 3.

The purpose of the meeting he said is to finish the construction of a school and a dispensary (or: schools and dispensaries) which have not yet been completed and which were begun a long time ago.

Supply concords All blanks are to be filled orally. Writing in the book would spoil it for future practice.

mwezi \_ja\_ mwezi ujao next month

mwezi \_li\_pita mwezi uliopita last month

miezi miwili \_ja\_ miezi miwili ijayo two months from now

miezi miwili \_li\_pita miezi miwili iliyopita two months ago

mwaka \_ja\_ mwaka ujao next year

# SWAHILI: NEWSPAPER READINGS

mwakapita	mwaka uliopita	last year
miakawili _ja	miaka miwili ijayo	two years from now
jumaja	juma lijalo	next week
majumawilija	majuma mawili yajayo	two weeks from now
məjumawilipita	majuma awili yaliyopita	two weeks ago
wiki _ja	wiki ijayo	next week
wikipita	wiki iliyopita	last week
wiki mbilija	wiki mbili zijazo	two weeks from now
wikiilipita	wiki mbili zilizopita	two weeks ago
siku tanoja	siku tano zijazo	five days from now
siku tanopita	siku tano zilizopita	five days ago
		_

Practice until you can anticipate the second sentence after reading the first.

Skuli zimemalizika? Has the school been completed? Hazijamalizika bado. It hasn't been completed yet. Mkutano umemalizika? Is the meeting over? Bado haujamalizika. It isn't over yet. Kikao kimemalizika? Is the session ended? Bado hakijamalizika. It isn't ended yet. Kikao kimeanzishwa? Has the session (been) begun? Hakijaanzishwa bado. Not yet. Uchaguzi umeanzishwa? Has the election (been) started? Haujaanzishwa bado Not yet. Mkutano umeanzishwa? Has the meeting (been) opened? Haujaanzishwa bado. Not yet. Mkutano umetayarishwa?

Has the meeting been prepared for? Not yet.

Haujatayarishwa bado.

# Questions

- 1. Kutakuwa(ko) na mkutano wa watu wote wa Harambee?
- 2. Mkutano utafanyika Jumapili?
- 3. Nia ya mkutano huo ni kumaliza uchaguzi wa wajumbe wa Konseli ya jimbo?
- 4. Bw. Muruiki ametangaza habari gani?
- 5. Nia ya mkutano huo ni nini?
- 6. Mkutano huo utakuwa wa watu gani?
- 7. Mkutano huo utafanyika wapi?

## Glossary

mashariki (9)	east	
nia (9)	purpose	
ujenzi (14)	construction	
cfjenga	to build	
-pita	to pass	
-refu	long, high, tall	

<u>Vocabulary</u>

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Mafunzo yake yalianza mwezi uliopita.

His studies began last month.

Mkutano ulifanywa chin ya uongozi wa Bw. Fulani.

The meeting was held under the leadership of Mr. So-and-so.

Wanakomiti walifanya kazi pamoja.

The committee members worked together.

Kutakuwa na maonyesho ya biashara.

There will be trade shows (commercial exhibitions).

Wanawake walichanga pesa.

The women contributed money.

<u>Text</u> Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

'Msemaji wa Afisi ya Maendeleo ya Jamii katika Jimbo la Magharibi ametangaza kuwa mkutano wa Komiti ya wanawake utafanywa katika afisi hiyo tarehe 9/10/65, saa nne asubuhi kujadili mpango wa maendeleo, mafunzo juu ya uongozi wa kazi za maendeleo, kazi za nyumbani, maonyesho ya biashara katika Jimbo pamoja na Komiti ya mchango wa wanawake.

Baraza, 7 Oktoba 1965

A spokesman for the Office of Community Development in the Western Region has announced that there will be a meeting of the Women's Committee in that Office on October 9, 1965, at 10:00 a.m., to discuss development plans, teaching of leadership in development work, domestic work, trade shows in the province together with the Women's Subscription Committee.

Practice until you can anticipate the words in the second column after reading the words in the first.

-kutana mkutano (3) meeting
'to meet one another' mikutano (4) meetings
-endelea maendeleo (6) progress
'to continue, go on'

-changa	mchango (3)	a collection, contribution subscription
'to suspscribe, contribute'	michango (4)	contributions
-jifunza 'to learn, teach oneself'	mafunzo (6)	stu .es
-onyesha 'to show'	maonyesho (6)	exposition, show
-jadiliana 'to discuss with one another'	majadiliano (6)	discussion
-tangaza 'to announce'	tangazo (5) matangazo (6)	an announcement
-jenga 'to build'	ujenzi (14)	construction
-husiana 'to be related to one another	uhusiano (14)	relationship
-ongoza 'to lead'	kiongozi (1) viongozi (2) uongozi (14)	leader leaders leadership
-anza 'to begin'	mwanzo (3)	beginning
-tawala 'to govern'	utawala (14)	government, rule, administration
	s are to be filled d spoil it for fut	orally. Writing in the ure practice.
Msemaji _a Ofisi Maendel metangazakutano Ko ofisi ho tarehe 9/10/65 k juuongozi kazi _ biashara katika Jimbo pamoja	miti wanawake ujadili pango endeleo, kazi n	tafanywa katika endeleo,funzo yumbani,onyesho

# Questions

- 1. Mkutano wa komiti ya wanawake utafanywa?
- 2. Mkutano utajadili mpango wa maendeleo na kazi za nyumbani?
- 3. Mkutano huo utafanyika tarehe 10/9/65?
- 4. Msemaji wa ofisi gani ametangaza habari za mkutano huu?
- 5. Mkutano huo utajadili mambo gani?
- 6. Mkutano huo utafanywa katika jimbo gani?
- 7. Mkutano huo utakuwa wa watu gani?

### Glossary

jamii (9)	a collection of objects
Maendeleo ya Jamii	Community Development
mafunzo (6)	studies
cfjifunza	to study, 'teach oneself'
uongozi (14)	leadership
kazi (9,10)	work, job
onyesho (5,6)	exhibit
mchango (3,4)	a collection, contribution, subscription
cfchanga	to collect

# Vocabulary

Listen to the Swahili sentences, repeat them aloud, and practice until you can give them easily and correctly in response to the English sentences.

Wanachama waliwachagua viongozi wapya.

The members elected new officers.

Chama kitafanya sherehe.

The organization will conduct a ceremony.

Mawaziri walimpongeza Rais.

The ministers congratulated the President.

Chama kipya kiliunga mkono siasa ya Serikali.

The new party supported the policy of the government.

Text Listen

Listen to the text, read it aloud, and then check with the English translation.

# CHAMA KIPYA

Chama cha Mombasa Council of Social Services kilianzishwa wiki hii katika sherehe iliyofanywa ndani ya Jumba la Tononoka na kuhudhuriwa na Darekta wa Kenya National Council of Social Services, Bw. Dick Oloo.

Bw. Oloo baadaye aliwapongeza viongozi wa chama hicho na akawaomba kufanya kazi kwa kuunga mkono mipango ya Konseli yake.

Baraza, 7 Oktoba 1965

#### NEW ORGANIZATION

The Mombasa Council of Social Services was begun this week at a ceremony that was held in the Tononoka Building and was attended by the Director of the Kenya National Council of Social Services, Mr. Dick Oloo.

Mr. Oloo later congratulated the leaders of that organization and asked them to work in support of the plans of his Council.

# Supply the missing elements

	_ama	_a MCSS	: _lianz	:a	wiki	h	katika	sherehe	li_	_fany
								Bw.		
li_	_pong	eza	ongozi	_a _	_ama 1	10	a	omba	_fanya	kazi
kuu	inga m	kono _	_pango	_a K	onseli	i _ake	<b>:</b> .			

#### Questions

- 1. Chama cha Mombasa Council of Social Services kilianzishwa wiki hii?
- 2. Bwana Olso aliwapongeza viongozi wa chama hicho?
- 3. Bw. Oloo aliwaomba viongozi kufanya nini?
- 4. Chama hicho ni chama namna gani?
- 5. Sherehe ya kuanzisha chama hicho ilifanywa wapi?

## Glossary

-pya new
sherehe (9,10) ceremony
-pongeza to congratulate
-unga mkono to support

#### GLOSSARY

Words are alphabetized by the first letter of the root, regardless of presence or absence of prefixes. In order to make the listing easier to follow, the words have been spaced so that the first letters of the roots form a straight vertical column on the page.

	<u>A</u>	
-ahirisha ahirishwa		to postpone to be postponed
mw-aka (3,4)		year
-alika -alikwa		to invite to be invited
mw-alimu (l) wa(a)limu (2)		teacher
ch-ama (7)		organization, party
j-ambo (5) mambo (6)		matter, iffair
-amini -aminika		to trust to be trustworthy
mw-anachama (1) w-anachama (2)		member
mw-anamke (1) wanawake (2)		woman
-anza -anzia		to begin at
asili (9)		nature
asubuhi (9)		morning
	<u>B</u>	
baada (9)		after
baadaye		afterward, later on
bado		still, yet
biashara (9)		business, commerce
	<u>C</u>	
-chagua -chaguliwa		to elect, select to be elected, selected
u-chaguzi (14)		election
m-chango (3,4)		collection, subscription, contribution
n.chi (9,10)		country
chini (9)		under
u-chumi (14)		economics

D

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mu-da (3)
                                         period of time
      diwani (1)
                                         councillor
        madiwani
                 (2)
                                   E
  -eleza
                                         to explain
  -endelea
                                         to continue
ma-endeleo
           (6)
                                         progress, development
  -enye
                                         with, having
mw-enyekiti (1,2)
                                         chairman
 u-enyekiti (14)
                                         chairmanship
ch-eo (7,8)
                                         rank
mw-ezi (3,4)
                                         moon, month
                                   F
  -fanya
                                         to do, make
     -fanywa
                                           to be done, made
   farakano (5,6)
                                         separation, schism
  -fika
                                         to arrive
  -fuata
                                         to follow
ma-funzo
         (6)
                                         studies
                                   G
ki-geni
                                         foreign
                                   H
   habari (9,10)
                                         news, information
   hadi
                                         until
   halmashauri (9,10)
                                         committee
   hazina (9)
                                         treasury
  -hudhuria
                                         to attend
   huru
                                         free
                                         relationship
 u-husiano (14)
  -husu
                                         to relate to
     -husiana
                                           to relate to one another
  -hutubia
                                         to address, make a speech to
     -hutubiwa
                                           to be addressed
                                    Ī
   idara (9,10)
                                         department
   Ijumaa
                                         Friday
  -ingine
                                         some, other
mw-isho (3)
                                         end
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<u>J</u>

<b>-</b> ja	to come
-jadili	to discuss
jamii (9)	a collection of objects
jana (9)	yesterday
u-jenzi (14)	(process of) building
m-ji (3,4)	city
ki-jiji (7,8)	village
jimbo (5,6)	state, region
-jitahidi	to make an effort
-jua -julisha -julishwa -julikana	to know to cause to know, inform to be informed to be known, knowable
Jumamosi	Saturday
Jumapili	Sunday
Jumatano	Wednesday
m-jumbe (1,2)	messenger, representative
jumla (9)	total
juu (9)	on, over, about
<u>K</u>	
kabla (9)	before
ki-kao (7,8)	session
ma-kao (6)	quarters
kati (9)	between
katiba (9,10)	constitution
katibu (1) makatibu (2)	secretary
kazi (9,10)	work, task
kesho (9)	tomorrow
m-koa (3,4)	province
-kubwa	big, large
-kuta -kutana -kutanika	to find to meet one another to meet, be assembled
m-kutano (3,4)	meeting
–kuu	principal, main
kuwa kwamba	that that
-a kwanza	first

	<u>L</u>	
u-legevu		slackness, indecisiveness
leo		today
	<u>M</u>	
magharibi (9)		west
makamu (1)		deputy, vice-
mali (10)		property, goods
-maliza		to bring to an end
mapema		early, earlier
mashariki (9)		east
mbalimbali		various
mnamo		on (a date)
moja		one
pa-moja		together
u-moja (14)		union, unity
mpaka		until
u-mri (14)		age
	37	
	<u>N</u>	
→nane		eight
ndani (9)	•	inside, in
nia (9)		purpose
nusu (9)		half
	<u>o</u>	
-omba		to ask, request
ki-ongozi (1) viongozi (2)		leader
u-ongozi (14)		leader <b>s</b> hip
onyesho (5,6)		exhibit, exhibition
-ote		all
	<u>P</u>	
m-pango (3,4)		plan
-pata		to get, receive
pia		also
-pita		to pass
-pongeza		to congratulate
-pya		new
± 4		

 $\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ rais (1) president (2) marais rasmi officially -refu long, high, tall S (9,10)saa hour, clock -sadiki to believe -saidia to help -saidiana to help one another, cooperate sana very much, very sasa now -sema to say, speak m-semaji (1,2) speaker, spokesman serikali (9,10) government -shauri to counsel -shauriana to counsel one another sherehe (9,10)ceremony, celebration shirika (5,6)association u-shirika (14) cooperative siasa (9,10)policy, politics siku (9,10) -simamia to supervise, oversee -simamiwa to be supervised **siri** (9) -susia to refuse in pique, boycott  $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ m-taa (3,4) taarifa (9,10) bulletin -tangaza to announce -tangazwa to be announced tangazo (5,6) announcement -tangulia to precede -tanguliwa to be preceded tarehe (9) date -tatu three -tawala to govern, administer, rule u-tawala (14) government, rule, administration tawi (5,6)branch tayari ready -tayarisha to cause to be ready, to prepare -tayarishwa to be prepared

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to look at
 -tazama
     -tazamia
                                            to expect
                                            to be expected
     -tazamiwa
                                          6 o'clock
  thenashara
                                          to menace, threaten
 -tishia
                                         to give off, give out
 -toa
                                          to (come or go) from
 -toka
                                          person
m-tu (1,2)
                                          servant
m-tumishi (1,2)
                                          to care for
  ·tunza
                                    U
  Ulaya (9)
                                          Europe
                                          to ask (a question) to be asked
  -uliza
     -ulizwa
ny.umba (9,10)
                                          house
                                          large building
 j.umba (5)
                                          to support
  -unga mkono
                                    W
   waziri (1)
                                          minister
     mawaziri (2)
m-wakilishi (1,2)
                                          representative
                                          district
   wilaya (9,10)
                                     <u>Z</u>
                                          to converse
  -zungumza
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Typed by Irma C. Ponce